

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Southern Pacific Lines

AND

Affiliated Companies

Year Ended December 31

1926

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

To enable your Company, as promptly as possible after the close of the year, to issue its annual report giving briefly the results of the year's operations and such general information concerning the Company's affairs as it is thought you may desire, the report is published in this condensed form.

A small edition of the complete report containing detailed statements will be printed later, and in order that such edition may be limited to the minimum number of copies actually required, any stockholder desiring a copy of such complete report is requested to make application therefor to the Treasurer of the Company on or before May 1, 1927. In making such application the name of the stockholder and the address to which the complete report is to be sent, should be printed plainly.



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SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

SS.680 STOCKHOLDERS

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

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SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

AND ON A

AFFILIATED COMPANIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1926

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

58,680 STOCKHOLDERS

(DECEMBER 31, 1926)

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

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LINES

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

HENRY W. DE FOREST, Chairman

JAMES S. ALEXANDER WALTER DOUGLAS J. HORACE HARDING

EDWARD S. HARKNESS OGDEN MILLS WILLIAM SPROULE

A. D. McDONALD, Vice Chairman

OFFICERS

HENRY W. DE FOREST, Chairman of the Executive Committee, New York, N. Y. WILLIAM SPROULE, President, San Francisco, Calif.

A. D. McDONALD, Vice Chairman of the Executive Committee, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Executive		,		New	York,	N.	Y.

PAUL SHOUP,

Executive Vice President, .

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

J. P. BLAIR, General Counsel, NEW YORK, N. Y.	*WM. F. HERRIN, Vice President and Chief Counsel, San Francisco, Calif.
HUGH NEILL, Vice President and Secretary, NEW YORK, N. Y.	W. A. WORTHINGTON, Vice President,
H. B. JOHNSON, Controller, New York, N. Y.	GUY V. SHOUP, General Solicitor,
GEORGE M. THORNTON, Treasurer, New York, N. Y.	T. O. EDWARDS, General Auditor, San Francisco, Calif.
GORDON M. BUCK, Assistant Counsel, New York, N. Y.	C. M. SCOTT, Assistant Treasurer and Transfer Agent, San Francisco, Calif.
CHARLES FRANKLIN,	G. L. KING, Assistant Secretary, San Francisco, Calif.
F. VAN NOTE.	F. W. MAHL, General Purchasing Agent, San Francisco, Calif.
Assistant Controller, New York, N. Y. MARION J. WISE,	C. R. HARDING, Engineer of Standards, San Francisco, Calif.
Assistant to Vice Chairman, NEW YORK, N. Y. W. F. BULL,	J. R. BELL, Commerce and Valuation Counsel and General
Assistant Clerk and Assistant Secretary, . New York, N. Y.	Attorney,
P. B. STOFER, Assistant to Controller, NEW YORK, N. Y.	G. E. B. WELLES, Valuation Officer, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
J. A. SIMPSON, Assistant Treasurer, New York, N. Y.	R. ADAMS, Assistant General Auditor, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
E. J. GOODWIN, Transfer Agent, NEW YORK, N. Y.	A. L. HAWLEY, Assistant General Auditor, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
WARWICK M. ANDERSON, Assistant Clerk, Anchorage, Ky.	R. C. WATKINS, Agent, New Orlbans, La.
	TION CARDANS, DA
E. W. CLAPP, Traffic Manager, .	
F. H. PLAISTED, Freight Traffic Ma	
C. T. COLLETT, Freight Assistant,	
O. P. BARTLETT, Passenger Assistan	nt, CHICAGO, ILL.

PACIFIC LINES

PAUL SHOUP, Executive Vice President, San Francisco, Calif.

OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENTS J. H. DYER, General Manager, San Francisco, Calif.

ager, San Francisco, Calif. General Manager, San Francisco, Calif.
GEORGE McCORMICK, General Superintendent of Motive Power, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. Control Superintendent of Motive Power, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
R. L. RUBY, Superintendent of Transportation, San Francisco, Calif.
W. H. KIRKBRIDE,
Engineer of Maintenance of Way and Structures, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
EPARTMENT MARKETON STATE TO BEAUTION TO SEE STATE OF
F. S. McGINNIS, Passenger Traffic Manager, San Francisco, Calif.
F. C. LATHROP, Assistant Passenger Traffic Manager, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
JOHN M. SCOTT, Assistant Passenger Traffic Manager, Portland, Ore.
C. L. McFAUL, Assistant Passenger Traffic Manager, Los Angeles, Calif.
N. KINELL, General Passenger Agent, San Francisco, Calif.
J. A. ORMANDY,
General Passenger Agent, PORTLAND, ORE. F. E. WATSON.
General Passenger Agent, Los Angeles, Calib.
JOHN D. MASON, General Passenger Agent,
s and Passenger Agent, Tucson, Ariz.
ARTMENT
dicitor, San Francisco, Calif.
D. V. COWDEN, Tax Attorney, San Francisco, Calip.
G. H. MUCKLEY. Assistant General Attorney WASHINGTON, D. C.
Assistant General Attorney, Washington, D. C. B. A. McAllaster,
Land Commissioner, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
es ponstanting during the year
EASURY DEPARTMENTS C. M. SCOTT,
Assistant Treasurer, San Francisco, Calif.
LANEOUS
F. W. TAYLOR,
Purchasing Agent, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
C. J. McDONALD, Superintendent Perishable Freight Service, San Francisco, Calif.
*H. P. THRALL, Mail and Express Traffic Manager, San Francisco, Calif.
STEAMSHIP LINES
v, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y. WM. SIMMONS, Traffic Manager, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
C. D. ARNOLD, General Freight Agent,
C. S. PAY, (Change of ment) estragaro's het gillete as
Southern Freight Agent, NEW ORLEANS, LA. J. T. MONROE, Southern Passenger Agent, NEW ORLEANS, LA.
M. KERR, Was about a vibil bled they see the
Auditor Pier 49, North River, New York, N. Y. ER 49, North River, New York, N. Y.
Total Southern Printin Company
OFFICES
Corner Poydras and Camp Streets
65 Market Street
Anchorage, Kentucky

REGISTRARS OF STOCK

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK. New York, N. Y.

THE ANGLO & LONDON PARIS NATIONAL BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, . . . SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders, Wednesday following first Monday in April

*Died January 3, 1927.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

New York, N. Y., March 31, 1927.

To the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company:

Your Board of Directors submits this report of the operations and affairs of the Southern Pacific Lines and Affiliated Companies for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1926.

INCOME ACCOUNT

The following statements of income and of surplus show the income for the year and the accumulated surplus to the close of the year, accruing to Southern Pacific Company stock from the Transportation System and from all separately operated Solely Controlled Affiliated Companies, combined:

NET INCOME OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES AND SOLELY CONTROLLED AFFILIATED COMPANIES, COMBINED, FOR THE YEAR 1926 COMPARED WITH THE YEAR 1925

O. Texa General Parsonser Asset Et Paso, Texa ICH, Chores Avelghi and Pointener Aste, Tuckon, Asse.	Year Ended December 31, 1926	+ Increase - Decrease	Per Cent
Net income of Transportation System (Item 30, Page 7) Net income of Affiliated Companies (Item 43, Page 19) Net income of Transportation System and of all separately operated Solely Controlled Affiliated Companies, combined	*\$38,791,373.50 *3,243,291.25 *\$42,034,664.75	+ \$3,133,963.25 + 984,384.58 + \$4,118,347.83	8.79 43.58
4. Per cent earned on average amount of capital stock of Southern Pacific Company outstanding during the year: (a) From operations of Transportation System (b) From operations of Affiliated Companies.	T & AZ	A A PERMITTE	S. NEW!
(c) Total	11.29	+ 1.11	10.90

^{*} Excludes all inter-company dividends.

SURPLUS OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES AND SOLELY CONTROLLED AFFILIATED COMPANIES,
COMBINED, TO DECEMBER 31, 1926

T. 1	Debit	Credit
I. Total corporate surplus at December 31, 1925	_	‡\$441,499,804.9
 Corporate surplus (or deficit), at date of acquisition, of companies taken over during year: Dayton-Goose Creek Railway Company (Surplus) Holton Inter-Urban Railway Company (Deficit). Credit balance transferred from income: 	\$136,792.06	434,522.2
Transportation System (Item 34, page 7)	Pink 49, Non	Menager,
On capital stock of Southern Pacific Company:		40,388,042.3
14 per cent. paid October 1 1920	ineer. PERR 49, 250B	Superintending Eng.
Total Southern Pacific Company On capital stocks of Transportation System Companies held by the	.D. fl	toppen if topping A
5. Miscellaneous adjustments during the year	22,343,004.32	
6. Credit balance December 31, 1926.	467,111,211.59	7;268,638.47
‡ Includes adjustment on books of Southern Posific Patrons C	\$489,591,007.97	\$489,591,007.9

‡ Includes adjustment on books of Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Mexico, account cancellation of interest due to Southern Pacific Company, such interest being a part of the unearned inter-company interest to be cancelled, as explained on page 7 of last year's report, the cancellation of which was held in abeyance pending settlement of certain tax matters with the Mexican Government.

INCOME ACCOUNT OF SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

The income account of the Transportation System (Southern Pacific Company and Transportation System Companies, combined, excluding offsetting accounts and inter-company dividends) for the year 1926, compared with the year 1925, was as follows, viz:

	Party attack southwhat at him approach wallie	meneral of several	h has sassamni lan	noten art 3
		Year Ended December 31, 1926	+ Increase - Decrease	Per Cent.
	OPERATING INCOME	Non		
Feeler	Railway operating revenues	\$298,800,998.06	+ \$5,726,444.59 - 13,837.92	I.95
1	Net revenue from railway operations. Railway tax accruals.	\$83,205,517.79	+ \$5,740,282.51	7.41
1 5	. Uncollectible railway revenues	21,476,810.65	70	.95
38.6	. Equipment rents—Net			15.23
7	Joint facility rents-Net	214,438.90	+ 197,946.40	vear - near
8	. Net railway operating income	\$55,796,717.77	+ \$5,482,958.55	10.00
	EROM GROSS INCOME			1777
obo	Nonoperating Income	BNOLLDAGAG	The state of the	
9	Income from lease of road	the account	increase of \$1,699.	off
10.	Miscellaneous rent income	\$95,316.15	+ \$13,462.71	16.45
II.	Miscellaneous nonoperating physical property	1,524,836.14	31,153.34	10002-99
12.	Dividend income.	12,995,796.22	53,593.12	17-01
13.	Income from funded securities—Bonds and notes	3,121,177.95	1 214,819.56	1 7:72
14.	Income from funded securities—Investment advances	70,197.02	54,388.30	IT.In Equ
15.	Income from unfunded securities and accounts	2,273,963.86	532,148.80	88.35
16.	Income from sinking and other reserve funds	993,577.03	91,965.80	3.89
17.	Miscellaneous income	571,197.57	+ 45,839.07	4.84
18.	Total nonoperating income	\$11,907,022.64	34,310.81	6.39
19.		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	\$392,420.53	3.19
- CARSIC	d during the current year, in connection with the Oregon & C	\$67,703,740.41	+ \$5,090,538.02	8.13
		coversy.	not head great con	forma Rail
00 8	DEDUCTIONS FROM GROSS INCOME	i so in the account	increase of Sict.or	987
20.	LEVELUSER, III INDIVIDUO IN ANTIONISMAN AND ANTI- I	proportion of the	in this Company's	second to
21.	Miscellaneous rents.	\$242,104.19	+ \$14,224.50	6.24
22.	Miscellaneous tax accruals	774,198.04	+ 13,206.42	1.74
23.	Interest on funded debt—Bonds and notes	178,731.98	27,968.13	13.53
24.	Interest on funded debt—Nonnegotiable debt to affiliated	27,034,924.61	+ 1,699,067.90	6.71
	companies	66	and a sampoon on	norm and the
25.	Interest on unfunded debt	662.53	2,815.73	80.95
26.	Amortization of discount on funded debt		16,282.84	00 7.67
27.	Maintenance of investment organization		+ 34,012.73	112.63
28.	Miscellaneous income charges	296,497.00	+ 53,532.98	137.69
29.	Total deductions from gross income		157,031.26	112.59
30.	Net income		+ \$1,956,574.77	7.26
tools	and comments same same and a confederation to the same will be determined.	\$38,791,373.50	+ \$3,133,963.25	8.79
	And the second of the second o	Houston & Texas C	to saysid shares of .	year on th
	DISPOSITION OF NET INCOME	that year's report	ained on page at	as was ex
31.	Income applied to sinking and other reserve funds	\$1,413,350.86	L #-0-	
32.	Income appropriated for investment in physical property	00.0	\$180,574.46	14.65
33.	Total appropriations		78,172.78	61.71
34.	Income balance transferred to credit of profit and loss	\$1,618,192.39	\$258,747.24	19.03
	= 13 state of profit and loss,	\$37,173,181.11	+ \$2,875,216.01	8.38
	Byshdor II internal II			
	Excludes all inter-company dividends.		THE PARTY OF THE P	

The operating income of the Transportation System is dealt with on pages 9, 10, 11, and 12. The causes of the principal increases and decreases in nonoperating income and in deductions from gross income, as shown in the statement on page 7, are explained below, viz:

Nonoperating Income

The increase in the account Dividend Income (line 12), is due, principally, to an increase of \$169,632 in the dividends received on Pacific Oil Company stock, and to a dividend of a like amount, or two dollars per share, on 84,816 shares of Standard Oil Company of California stock, the said stock having been received as a partial liquidating dividend on the Pacific Oil shares owned by your Company.

The decrease of \$532,148.80 in the account Income from Funded Securities—Investment Advances (line 14), was caused by the inclusion in that account last year, of interest on investment advances, which was collected last year, but which accrued prior to January 1st of last year.

DEDUCTIONS FROM GROSS INCOME

The increase of \$1,699,067.90 in the account Interest on Funded Debt—Bonds and Notes (line 23), is made up, principally, as follows: Of \$1,492,915, representing the difference between a full year's interest this year, and the amount of interest accruing in 1925, on the \$40,000,000 of Central Pacific Railway Company Thirty-five Year Five Per Cent. Guaranteed Gold Bonds, and the \$10,491,000 of Southern Pacific Equipment Trust Certificates—Series H, issued last year; and of \$148,418 representing interest accruing this year on \$5,654,000 of Southern Pacific Equipment Trust Certificates—Series I, issued this year.

The increase of \$34,012.73 in the account Amortization of Discount on Funded Debt (line 26), is made up, principally, of the difference between a full year's accrual this year, and the portion applicable to, and taken into the accounts, last year, of discount on the \$40,000,000 of Central Pacific Railway Company Thirty-five Year Five Per Cent. Guaranteed Gold Bonds, issued last year.

The increase of \$53,532.98 in the account Maintenance of Investment Organization (line 27), is due, principally, to expenses incurred in prior years but paid during the current year, in connection with the Oregon & California Railroad land grant controversy.

The increase of \$157,031.26 in the account Miscellaneous Income Charges (line 28), is due, principally, to an increase in this Company's proportion of the annual charge for amortization of investment in Associated Pipe Line, the said charge being apportioned among the three owning companies (Associated Oil Company, Standard Oil Company of California, and Southern Pacific Company) on basis of use of the pipe line.

The dividends paid for 1926 were appropriated from the profit and loss surplus and, therefore, do not appear in the income account. Payments for 1926 compare with those for 1925 as follows:

Billion & Ethication Commence and Section 1997 April 1997	1920 1925	Decrease
On stock of Southern Pacific Company	\$22,342,854.32 \$22,342,854.32	and serished
On stock of Transportation System Companies	deb behand no invessib to m	Amortiestic
held by the public	150.00 266,795.00	\$266,645.00
Total	\$22,343,004.32 \$22,609,649.32	

As will be seen, the decrease of \$266,645.00 is due to a decrease in the dividends paid on stocks of Transportation System Companies held by the public. Of this amount, the sum of \$266,409.00 represents dividends paid last year on the 24,219 shares of Houston & Texas Central R. R. Co. stock held by minority interests, which stock, as was explained on page 21 of last year's report, was purchased by your Company on January 20, 1926.

TRANSPORTATION OPERATIONS—SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

The following table shows the Net Railway Operating Income and Traffic Statistics of the Transportation System for the year 1926 compared with those for the year 1925:

		Year Ended December 31, 1926	Year Ended December 31, 1925	+ Increase - Decrease	Per Cent
I.	Average miles of road operated	:. 13,279.69	13,178.69	+ 101.00	.77
	NET RAILWAY OPERATING INCOME				
	RAILWAY OPERATING REVENUES				
2.	Freight	\$216,625,764.45	\$213,020,384.49	\$3,605,379.99	1.69
3.	Passenger	55,262,330.25	56,292,246.57	- 1,029,916.3	
4.	Mail and express	11,434,005.02	11,146,987.57	+ 287,017.4	
5-	All other transportation.	9,055,584.55	8,075,420.83		
6.	All other transportation. Incidental. Joint facility—Credit.	7,383,698.56	6,836,855.65	+ 546,842.9	
7- 8.	Joint facility—Credit	418,677.65 1,379,062.42	261,336:59	+ 157,341.00 - 847,584.50	
			531,477.92		
9.	Total railway operating revenues	\$298,800,998.06	\$295,101,753.78	+ \$3,699,244.2	1.25
	RAILWAY OPERATING EXPENSES				
10,	Maintenance of way and structures	\$42,464,362.35	\$40,678,880.33	+ \$1,785,482.03	4-39
II.	Maintenance of equipment	50,637,575.96	49,780,124.29	+ 857,451.6	
12.	Total maintenance	\$93,101,938.31	\$90,459,004.62	+ \$2,642,933.6	2.92
13.	Traffic	6,359,577.56	5,682,279.22	+ 677,298.3	
14.	Transportation	102,132,949.91	107,847,718.86	- 5,714,768.9	
15.	Miscellaneous operations	4,997,186.30	4,706,362.26	+ 290,824.0	
17.	Transportation for investment—Credit	10,788,766.74 1,784,938.55	10,606,797.46	+ 181,969.25 - 244,345.7	1
18.					-
	Total railway operating expenses	\$215,595,480.27	\$217,761,569.58	- \$2,166,089.3	
19.	Net revenue from railway operations,	\$83,205,517.79	\$77,340,184.20	+ \$5,865,333-5	7-58
20. 2I.	Railway tax accruals	\$21,476,810.65 80,823.05	\$21,340,397.79 96,333.01	+ \$136,412.86	
22.	Railway operating income	\$61,647,884.09	\$55,903,453.40	+ \$5,744,430.6	
23.	Equipment rents—Net		5,847,252.33	210,524.9	
24.	Joint facility rents—Net	214,438.90	12,825.99	201,612.9	-
25.	Net railway operating income	\$55,796,717.77	\$50,043,375.08	+ \$5,753,342.69	11.50
	TRAFFIC STATISTICS				
	(Steam Rail Lines)				
	FREIGHT TRAFFIC				A STATE OF THE STA
26.	Freight service train-miles	26,681,727	26,472,441	+ 209,286	-79
27.	Tons carried—revenue freight	59,156,625	60,451,664	1,295,039	2.14
28.	Ton-miles—revenue freight	14,724,692,862	14,666,167,536		.40
29. 30.	Loaded cars per train	27.92 628.97	27.47 626.81	+ 2.10	1.64
31.	Revenue per ton-mile—revenue freight	1.401 cents	1.386 cents		
32.	Average distance carried—revenue freight	248.91	1130 C 242.61		
	PASSENGER TRAFFIC				
		* *** #C D-=		12 /3 /12 = 10 = 0	110 227 7 900
33-	Passenger service train-miles	26,810,563	14,511,525	149,18	70.39.55
34-	Passenger-miles-revenue	1,837,935,341		26,196,57	
36.	Passengers per train-revenue passengers	66.79	67.06	- ,2	40
37-	Passenger revenue per passenger-mile	2.866 cents	2.883 cents	or7 cent	59
38.	Average distance carried—revenue passengers	128.67	128.46	+	**********.16
			ations, for the entire wes		1

^{*}Por the purpose of comparison, the 1925 figures in the above statement include the operations, for the entire year 1925, of the San Antonio & Aransas Pass, taken into the System May 1, 1925; while the 1925 figures in the income account of the Transportation System on Page 7, represent the operations of the lines actually included in the System in 1925, during the period while so included.

TRANSPORTATION OPERATIONS—SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES—CONTINUED

The following tabulation gives the transportation operations for the years 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, and 1926, compared with the year 1917, the last year prior to Federal control, and with 1921, the first complete year subsequent to Federal control, the figures being given in round thousand dollars:

	1926	1925	1924	1923	1922	1921	1917
Operating revenues	\$298,801	\$295,102	\$291,727	\$287,205	\$262,519	\$269,494	\$193,97
Per cent. of 1917	T54.04	152.14	150.40	148.07	135-34	- ,	7-7317
Per cent. of 1921	110.87	109.50	108.25	106.57	97.41		-
Operating expenses	\$215,595	d	d . n. '		*		
Per cent. of 1917	178.77	\$217,762	\$214,812	\$207,167	\$193,664	\$212,572	\$120,6
Per cent. of 1921	101.42	180.56	178.12	171.78	160.58		-, -
		102.44	101.05	97.46	91.11	77.2	
Operating ratio	72.15	73.79	73.63	72.13	73-77	78.88	62,
Net revenue from railway operations	\$83,206	¢==	4-6	400	444.0		
Per cent. of 1917	113.41	\$77,340	\$76,915	\$80,038	\$68,855	\$56,922	\$73,3
Per cent. of 1921	146.18	105.41	104.83	140.61	93.85	7, , ,	_
, 50 steel 17 1 22 xm 2	21 t t	133.07	133.12	140.01	120.96		
Railway tax accruals	\$21,477	\$21,340	\$20,909	\$20,365	\$18,859	\$15,539	\$13,79
Per cent. of 1917	155.72	154-73	151.60	147.66	136.74		#13,75
Per cent. of 1921	138.21	137-33	134.56	131.06	121.37	, , , ,	_
Net railway operating income					0.		
Net railway operating income Per cent. of 1917	\$55,797	\$50,043	\$50,475	\$54,228	\$46,223	\$35,947	\$62,25
Per cent, of 1021	89.63	80.39	81.08	87.11	74.25		
,	155.22	139.21	140.42	150.86	128.59	1 7 1	
							2
Traffic units (ton-miles plus three times passenger					,		
miles)—millions	22,679	22,584	97.000				74
Per cent. of 1917.	108.63	108.18	21,929	21,044	18,012	17,451	20,87
Per cent. of 1921	129.96	129.41	125.66	120.59	86.28		-

As has been stated in reports for previous years, the Transportation Act of 1920 provides that the railways shall receive a fair return upon the aggregate value of railway property held for and used in the service of transportation, such fair return being 53/4 per cent., as last fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission under authority of the Act. Notwithstanding the movement of a record volume of traffic and the marked gain in efficiency of operation, the existing rate structure, during each year since enactment of the Transportation Act, has failed to give your Company the fair return contemplated by the Act. The relationship of net railway operating income to the book value of road and equipment of the lines constituting your Transportation System, has been as follows:

1921		
1922	3-36	%
1922	4.29	%
1923	4.81	%
1924	3.99	%
1925	3-77	%
Average return for 6 years	3.98	%
Average return for 6 years	1.02	0/_

Total Railway Operating Revenues for 1926, which amounted to \$298,800,998.06, were the largest in the Company's history, exceeding by \$3,699,244.28, or 1.25 per cent., the previous high record which was established last year. This was the result of an increase of 58,525,326 ton-miles, over the record established last year, in the volume of revenue freight carried by your lines; and to the fact that the tonnage carried included a larger percentage of high class freight, resulting in an increase of .015 cents, or 1.08 per cent., in the revenue per ton-mile

TRANSPORTATION OPERATIONS—SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES—CONTINUED

The increase in Railway Operating Revenues of \$3,699,244 was accompanied by a decrease in operating expenses of \$2,166,089, an increase in taxes of \$136,412, and a decrease in equipment and joint facility rents and other charges, of \$24,422, the result being an increase in Net Railway Operating Income of \$5,753,343.

Freight revenue for the year increased \$3,605,380, a decrease on the Texas and Louisiana Lines being more

than overcome by an increase on the Pacific Lines.

On the Pacific Lines, freight revenue increased \$4,154,032. Freight traffic for the first seven months of the year showed a substantial increase; this was partly offset by a decrease in the last five months of the year compared with the same five months of the previous year when a record volume of traffic was handled. The year as a whole shows increased revenue was received from such important commodities as oranges, lettuce, deciduous fruits, mineral oil, fresh vegetables, apples, grain, and cotton, which increases were partially offset by decreases in revenue received from grapes, hay, sugar, logs, and automobiles.

On the Texas and Louisiana Lines, freight revenue decreased \$1,176,733. This decrease was attributable, largely, to the effect on business, during the early part of this year, of the severe and unprecedented drouth extending over the Texas Lines in 1925, mentioned on page 12 of last year's report; and to a general depression in business resulting from the low price of cotton. The Texas cotton crop was the largest in the history of the state, the yield being estimated at around 6,000,000 bales. This large increase in the cotton crop of Texas, together with reports of the increased crop in other parts of the United States, caused a marked decline in the price of cotton, resulting in a general business depression in the territory served by the Texas and Louisiana Lines. There was also a large decrease in the volume of mineral oil moved, caused by pipe line competition and by a decline in the production of fields tributary to our lines. These conditions resulted in a decrease of approximately 344,000,000 ton-miles, or 8.4 per cent., in the volume of traffic moved.

While the low price of cotton in Louisiana and Texas is disquieting, yet, because of the delayed movement of last season's enormous yield, the constructive manner in which the cotton situation is being met by crop diversification programs, and the progressive spirit of the territory, it is thought that the business of these lines for 1927,

in the aggregate, should at least equal that of 1926.

Passenger revenue decreased \$1,029,916. On the Pacific Lines, a decrease of \$835,905 was due, principally, to the increasing use of automobiles (both commercial and private), and to a decrease in summer excursion travel and in travel to and from conventions on the Pacific Coast, all of which more than offset an increase of \$599,000, resulting from an increase in fares on the San Francisco Ferry and East Bay Electric Lines, effective in January, 1926, and from a 5 per cent. increase in eastbound and westbound summer excursion fares, effective in May, 1926. On the Texas and Louisiana Lines, a decrease of \$223,614 was the result, mainly, of an increase in automobile competition.

All Other Transportation revenue increased \$980,164, due, principally, to an increase in automobile ferry

traffic at San Francisco, and to increased switching and Pullman earnings.

Maintenance of Way and Structures increased \$1,785,482, or 4.39 per cent., the result of increased renewals of rails and fastenings, ties, and ballast, due to requirements of upkeep programs, and to the necessity for bringing certain portions of your lines up to main-line standard, to fit them for use as a part of through traffic routes established through construction of new lines. The following table gives the principal items of material used in repairs and renewals during the past five years:

MATERIAL USED IN REPAIRS AND RENEWALS.

	1926	1925	1924	1923	1922		
New steel rail, track miles	510.14	349.09	403.32	458.12	287.21		
Ties, number	4,832,239	4,767,408	3,973,715	3,971,158	4,024,967		
Ties, number per mile	248	252	222	245	251		
Tie-plates, number	7,516,596	6,162,239	5,485,332	5,390,530	4,084,974		
Piling, lineal feet	489,580	883,017	766,208	825,745	608,467		
Lumber, feet b.m	27,528,359	37,661,011	32,023,097	26,463,926	27,842,532		

TRANSPORTATION OPERATIONS—SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES—CONTINUED

Maintenance of Equipment increased \$857,452, or 1.72 per cent., due, principally, to increased repairs of freight and passenger cars.

Traffic Expenses increased \$677,298, or 11.92 per cent., due, principally, to expenditures for outside agencies and for advertising, to obtain our share of competitive traffic.

Transportation Expenses decreased \$5,714,769, or 5.30 per cent. This was due, mainly, to a decrease in the cost of fuel for locomotives, resulting partly from lower prices of fuel and partly from a saving in fuel consumption. While there was an increase of 58,525,326 ton-miles in the volume of traffic handled, an increase in the train load enabled us to handle this increased traffic with approximately the same number of train-miles as last year.

The constant campaign carried on for years to reduce fuel consumption in locomotives, has been reflected by a gradual but large reduction in the amount of fuel used in proportion to the ton-miles of traffic moved. The reduction in pounds of fuel used per 1,000 gross ton-miles in 1926, under 1925, amounted to 10.92 per cent. in passenger service, and 3.53 per cent. in freight service. The value of the economy realized in 1926 compared with 1925, amounted to \$1,156,775, and in 1926 compared with 1913, to \$11,038,315. The following table shows results obtained in fuel economy in 1926, compared with the preceding two years, and with the year 1913:

Locomotive Fuel Performance		, , , , , ,			Сомр	ARISON OF 19 WITH	26
LINFORMATICE	1926	1925	1924	1913	1925	1924	1913
Pounds of fuel per 1,000 gross ton-miles: Passenger service	126.35 124.67	141.84 , 129.23	149.30	206.67	- 10.92% - - 3.53% -	- 15.37% - - 5.63% -	- 38.86% - 35.35%
Value of fuel saved in 1926 over 1925 1926 over 1924 1926 over 1913	***********	,	пи спрезепрес й пересепре	,	**************************************	\$1,15 1,79	56,775 93,388 38,315

Miscellaneous Operations increased \$290,824, or 6.18 per cent., due, principally, to increased dining car service; and to expense of operating Sunset Grain Elevator at Galveston, Texas, which was not operated during 1925.

Railway Tax Accruals for the year amounted to \$21,476,811, an increase over 1925, of \$136,413, or .64 per cent. The taxes for the year consumed 25.8 per cent. of the net revenue from railway operations, and almost equaled the total dividends paid to stockholders. The relation of taxes to net revenue from railway operations, from 1885 to date, is shown in Diagram No. 5 on page 34.

Expenses incurred during the year on account of Federal valuation of railways, amounted to \$994,649 making the total disbursements on this account from the time the work began to the close of the present year, \$7,400,758.

CAPITAL STOCK—SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

The decrease during the year in capital stocks of Southern Pacific Company and Transportation System Companies held by the public amounted to \$2,425,100.00, as follows:

Capital stock of Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, acquired from Minority Stockholders, as mentioned on page 21 of last year's report....

\$2,421,900.00

Other capital stocks of Transportation System Companies, acquired from the public during the year....

3,200.00

Decrease in capital stocks held by the public.....

\$2,425,100.00

FUNDED DEBT-SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

The increase during the year in funded debt of Southern Pacific Company and Transportation System Companies held by the public amounted to \$1,797,353.52, as follows:

Southern Pacific Company Four and One-Half Per Cent. Equipment Trust Certificates, Series I, issued to provide for the construction and acquisition of new rolling stock......

\$5,654,000.00

El Paso & Southwestern Railroad Company First & Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, issued to the public in exchange for bonds of subsidiary companies, in pursuance of readjustment plan approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission, December 26, 1923.....

214,000.00

38,000.00

Total issued to the public during the year

Less: Funded debt held by the public, retired during the year

\$5,906,000.00 4,108,646.48

Increase in funded debt held by the public.....

\$1,797,353.52

BALANCE SHEET OF SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY AND TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM COMPANIES, COMBINED ASSETS—DECEMBER 31, 1926, COMPARED WITH DECEMBER 31, 1925, EXCLUDING OFFSETTING ACCOUNTS

Assets	December 31, 1926	1	Increase	DECREASE
Investments				
Investment in road and equipment	\$1,400,075,851.22	\$1,341,287,495.40	\$58,788,355.82	
Improvements on leased railway property	531,267.39	244,284.72	286,982.67	
Sinking funds		18,746,876.67	3,091,454.89	Ø
Deposits in lieu of mortgaged property sold	1,860,350.15	2,984,390.90	_	\$1,124,040.75 8,529,606.23
Investments in affiliated companies:	3,993,581.80	12,523,188.03		0,029,000.20
Stocks	366,788,163.73	312,726,308.43	54,061,855.30	
Bonds	162,184,643.70	151,019,824-15	11,164,819.55	
Stocks) Cost inserentle				96,000.00
Dongs)	01111101	54,503,340.15	•	
Notes	25,618,499.34	28,900,839.61		3,282,340.27
Advances	36,956,474.47	87,518,748.49	`	50,562,274.02
Other investments: Stocks	, == 0			7 706 904 67
Bonds.	55,285.70 2,625,151.85	2,687,978.86		1,536,834.31
Notes	381,845.98	397,205.65		15,359.67
Notes	65,058.78	93,752.16	<u> </u>	28,693.38
Miscellaneous	1,131,475.26	1,111,377.23	20,098.03	
Total	\$2,078,513,321.08	\$2,016,337,730.46	\$62,175,590.62	
Current Assets				
Cash	A			
Demand loans and deposits	\$24,916,418.05	\$24,467,095.33	\$449,322.72	Ø
Time drafts and deposits	-	13,049,243.72	_	\$13,049,243.72 20,063,291.67
Special deposits	140.060.22	150,661.97	_	1,592.75
Loans and bills receivable	687,499.38	895,785.33	_	208,285.95
Traffic and car-service balances receivable	2,755,618.04	3,439,435.30		683,817.26
Net balance receivable from agents and conductors	3,468,942.06	3,574,806.78	_	105,864.72
Miscellaneous accounts receivable	6,747,556.24	7,970,251.20		1,222,694.96
Interest and dividends receivable.	42,582,351.12	32,940,084.75 2,907,153.22	9,642,266.37	
Rents receivable	5,833.33	5,833.33	107,504.25	
Other current assets	205,849.51	224,893.82		19,044.31
Total	\$84,613,794.42	\$109,688,536,42		\$25,074,742.00
				\$25,074,742.00
Deferred Assets				
TT 11 4 4 4 4		400		
Insurance and other funds.	\$109,931.49	\$88,554.87	\$21,376.62	
Other deferred assets	25,360.00 2,387,433.50	25,360.00 4,127,183.73		Ø= 2
		-		\$1,739,750.23
Total	\$2,522,724.99	\$4,241,098.60		\$1,718,373.61
	1			
Unadjusted Debits				
Rents and insurance premiums paid in advance	\$184,000.81	\$211,088.43		\$27,087.62
Discount on capital stock	3,988,600.00	3,988,600.00		7-7,007.02
Discount on funded debtOther unadjusted debits	2,024,000.66	2,088,211.99		64,211.33
Securities issued or assumed—Unpledged(a)	11,750,560.82 2,158,575.00	10,809,868.13	\$940,692.69	
Securities issued or assumed—Pledged(a)	101,250.00	2,719,975.00	_	561,400.00
Total	\$17,947,162.29	\$17,097,768.55	\$840.000	
			\$849,393.74	
Grand total	\$2,183,597,002.78	\$2,147,365,134.03	\$36,231,868.75	
(a) Excluded from total assets and a corresponding amo	,			

⁽a) Excluded from total assets, and a corresponding amount excluded from outstanding funded debt in accordance with regulations of the Interstate

BALANCE SHEET OF SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY AND TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM COMPANIES, COMBINED LIABILITIES-DECEMBER 31, 1926, COMPARED WITH DECEMBER 31, 1925, EXCLUDING OFFSETTING ACCOUNTS

Liabilities	DECEMBER 31, 1926	DECEMBER 31, 1925	Increase	DECREASE
CAPITAL STOCK Southern Pacific Company\$372,380,905.64 Transportation System Companies398,029,900.00 Total\$770,410,805.64 Held by the public		\$374,831,415.64) ,	\$0.407,700.00
Held within the system	398,004,490.00	395,554,390.00	\$2,450,100.00	\$2,425,100.00
Premium on capital stock of South and D. 15.	\$770,410,805.64	\$770,385,805.64	\$25,000.00	
Premium on capital stock of Southern Pacific Company Total				
LONG TERM DEBT	\$776,715,245.64	\$776,690,245.64	\$25,000.00	
Funded debt unmatured: Southern Pacific Company\$216,431,885.00 Transportation System Companies 520,855,743.61				
Total, \$737,287,628.61 Held by the public.	\$599,267,988.36	\$597,470,634.84	\$1,797,353.52	
meld within the system	(b) 138,019,640.25	131,794,640.25	6,225,000.00	
Total funded debt Nonnegotiable debt to Affiliated Companies: Open accounts	11017	\$729,265,275.09	\$8,022,353.52	
Total		35,924,019.53	5,073,571.56	
	\$778,285,219.70	\$765,189,294.62	\$13,095,925.08	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Loans and bills payable Traffic and car-service balances payable	C 070 660 48	\$125,000.00		\$106,284.95
Miscellaneous accounts payable	20,297,417.76	6,266,646.62 17,208,279.33 1,417,384.69	\$3,089,138.43 37,398.51	346,984.24
Interest matured unpaid	474 407 44	305,591.61	8,393.44	
Interest payable January 1st Dividends matured unpaid	4,202,637.50	4,209,242.50	-:	, , , 6,605.00
Dividends payable lanuary 1st	= =0= === =0	80,119.69 5,585,713.58	_	10,079.68
Funded debt matured unpaid	71.000.00	15,000.00	_	1,000.00
Unmatured dividends declared Unmatured interest accrued.		250,000.00		1,000.00
Unmatured rents accrued	T40 550 40	6,236,425.18	38,039.98	
Other current liabilities	143,553.48 939,405.85	91,327.47 880,496.03	52,226.01 58,909.82	
Total	\$45,484,379.02	\$42,671,226.70	\$2,813,152.32	
DEFERRED LIABILITIES			\$2,0.3,132.32	
Other deferred liabilities.	\$354,630.63	\$941,996.20	· -	\$587,365.57
Tax liability	\$4,721,574.14	\$8,318,128.57	1-6	\$3,596,554.43
Insurance and casualty reserves. Accrued depreciation—Road.	3,665,161.09	3,301,094.56	\$364,066.53	#31351354.43
Accrued depreciation—Equipment		2,436,737.25	70,344.03	
Other unadjusted credits.	94,921,611.68 42,948,043.74	86,022,224.75 48,949,991.33	8,899,386.93	6
Total	\$148,763,471.93	\$149,028,176.46	, n. (, 	6,001,947.59
CORPORATE SURPLUS	11 0/11-733	7-45,020,170.40		\$264,704.53
Additions to property through income and surplus.,.	\$8,950,512.54	\$8,323,891.06	\$626,621.48	
Funded debt retired through income and surplus	26,945,066.85	26,613,409.07	331,657.78	
Sinking fund reserves	20,315,815.33	15,174,537.71	5,141,277.62	
Appropriated surplus not specifically invested	52,802.45 3,818,177.83	2 919 THE 94	52,802.45	
Total appropriated surplus	\$60,082,375.00	\$53,930,015.67	\$6 150 050 0	
Profit and loss—Balance	373,911,680.86	358,914,178.74	\$6,152,359.33 14,997,502.12	
Total corporate surplus	\$433,994,055.86	\$412,844,194.41	\$21,149,861.45	-
Grand total		\$2,147,365,134.03	\$36,231,868.75	

⁽a) Represents difference between \$27,319,240, par value, Four Per Cent. Twenty-Year Convertible Bonds converted into Common Stock, and \$240,014,800, par value, Common Stock issued in exchange therefor. (b) Includes \$17,918,000 held in sinking funds of Transportation System Companies, 269,000 held in sinking funds of Solely Controlled Affiliated Companies, and \$478,000 held in treasury of Solely Controlled Affiliated Companies, c) Represents accrued depreciation on electric power plants and substations, general office building at San Francisco, wood preserving works, Sacramento rolling mill, oil storage plants, grain elevators, and similar facilities.

INVESTMENT ASSETS—SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

INVESTMENT ASSETS—SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES	
The following is a brief description of the investment assets of the Transportation Systematics sheet (page 14), viz:	
Investment in Transportation Property. Book value of investment in transportation property carried on the books of the companies comprising the Transportation System, consisting of 13,416 miles of first main track, 952 miles of additional main tracks, 5,598 miles of yard tracks and sidings, the Company's terminals at Galveston, a ten-story office building in San Francisco, 2,454 locomotives, 2,910 passenger-train cars, 80,603 freight-train cars, 5,942 company service cars, 23 ocean steamships, 4 river steamships, 10 automobile ferry boats, 13 passenger ferry and car transfer boats, 11 tugs, 78 barges, and 19 other vessels, the whole forming a transcontinental system extending from New York via New Orleans and Galveston, to San Francisco, California, and to Portland, Oregon, with a line extending from Ogden, Utah, to San Francisco, California.	, \$1,400,607,118.61
Sinking funds for the redemption of outstanding funded debt, consisting principally of \$17,918,000, par value, bonds of Transportation System Companies, \$1,885,000, par value, bonds of other companies, and \$2,429,631.86 cash in hands of Trustees.	
MISCELLANEOUS PHYSICAL PROPERTY	3,993,581.80
Investments in securities of Transportation System Companies, which are included in the outstanding obligations as shown by the balance sheet, but which are owned within the system; Investments in securities of, and advances to, Solely Controlled Affiliated Companies and Jointly Controlled Affiliated Companies collateral to, but not a part of, the Transportation System, representing, principally, investments as follows: Electric Railways in California (full ownership), operated mileage, 898.85 Steam Railways (full ownership), operated mileage	645,955,121.39
acres of other lands, 2 saw mills, etc. Average annual production of manufactured lumber, 36,000,000 feet B.M., and of railroad ties, 7,000,000 feet B.M.;	
Land Companies (full ownership), owning 9,705,335 acres of lands in various states traversed by the Southern Pacific Lines; and 6,289 town lots. Of these town lots, 2,979 are located in the State of Texas; 659 in the State of Nevada; and 2,651 in the State of California of which 1,149 are located in Los Angeles and vicinity;	
Coal Companies (full ownership), owning 22,688 acres of coal lands in Oregon and Colorado, and 6,321 acres of prospective coal lands, and 2,457 acres of lignite, clay, and other lands in Texas;	
Oil Companies (full ownership), owning 5,091 acres (including 3,753 acres fully owned and 1,338 acres jointly owned), and holding under lease 15,479 acres, of producing and prospective oil lands in Texas and Louisiana, and near Tampico, Mexico, together with ownership of mineral rights in 84,620 acres of prospective oil lands in Texas. Number of producing wells, 182. Annual production, about 4,000,000 barrels;	
Carried forward	\$2,072,394,153.36

	INVESTMENT ASSETS—SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES—CONTINUED	
Bro	ought forward	\$2,072,394,153.36
Те	rminal Companies (full ownership), owning 25 acres of land in the City of Los Angeles, California, with improvements, including three two-story market buildings, and one seven-story, two six-story, and one four-story warehouse buildings situated on the line of Southern Pacific in the heart of the wholesale district of Los Angeles;	
Ro	ckaway Pacific Corporation (full ownership), owning about 565 acres of land on Jamaica Bay, near Brooklyn, N. Y.;	
Son	uthern Pacific Building Co. (full ownership), owning a nine-story office building at Houston, Texas;	
As	sociated Pipe Line Co. (one-third ownership), owning 561 miles of oil pipe line serving California oil fields;	
Pa	cific Fruit Express Co. (half ownership), operating 38,584 refrigerator cars serving Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, and Western Pacific lines; and	
Sto	ock interest, as indicated, in following companies operating railroad terminal facilities:	
	El Paso (Texas) Union Passenger Depot Co., 50 per cent; Ft. Worth (Texas) Union Passenger Station Co., 50 per cent; Northern Pacific Terminal Co. (Portland, Ore.) 20 per cent; Ogden (Utah) Union Railway & Depot Co., 50 per cent; Union Terminal Co. (Dallas, Tex.) 12.50 per cent.	
Of this amo	count, \$1,486,244.26 represents cash in hands of Trustee to be applied in payment v equipment; and the remainder represents, principally, investments in outside ies.	6,119,167.72
	Total Investments	\$2,078,513,321.08

ROAD AND EQUIPMENT-SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

The increase during the year in Investment in Road and Equipment of the Transportation System, as shown in the balance sheet (page 14), amounted to \$58,788,355.82, as follows:

42 0	
Expenditures for	Road Extensions \$10,801,384.96
	Rolling Stock 11,795,409.92
Expenditures for	Floating Equipment
Expenditures for	Other Additions and Betterments

Add

\$748,337.51

Adjustment account transfer of value of land held for transportation purposes from account "Miscellaneous Physical Property".....

8,398,001.71

5,532,224.20 14,678,563.42

\$66,120,318.31

Deduct

Net increase in Investment in Road and Equipment..... \$58,788,355.82

The following table shows the number of units of each class of rolling stock owned at December 31, 1926, and at December 31, 1925, and the number of units of each class added and retired during year:

	OWNED	OWNED	CHANGES DURING THE YEAR	
CLASS	DEC. 31, 1926	DEC. 31, 1925	Added	Retired
Locomotives Passenger-train cars. Freight-train cars. Work equipment.	2,454 2,910 80,603 5,942	2,440 2,927 79,170 5,883	52 76 2,350 378	38 93 917 319

* Includes 2 locomotives, 2 passenger-train cars, and 3 freight-train cars acquired with Dayton-Goose Creek Railway Company taken into System during the year.

To provide for increased requirements and to replace vacated equipment, your Company will add to its equipment, during 1927, by construction at Company shops, or by purchase from outside builders, rolling stock as follows, viz:

	Company Shops	Outside Builders	Total
Locomotives	8	10	18
Passenger-train cars	_	81	81
Freight-train cars	1,300	1,200	2,500
Company service equipment	7	14	21

The estimated cost of this equipment is \$9,400,000.

Contracts were made during the year for the construction of one ocean-going passenger and freight steamer of approximately 12,000 tons displacement, for use in the Company's Atlantic Steamship Lines coastwise service; also for the construction of three additional automobile ferry steamers, for service between San Francisco and Oakland, to accommodate the increase in local automobile traffic between these points. The cost of this floating equipment will approximate \$4,000,000.

The total estimated cost of the new rolling stock and of floating equipment mentioned above, which is in addition to equipment completed and placed in service during 1926, amounts to \$13,400,000.

BALANCE SHEET AND INCOME ACCOUNT OF SOLELY CONTROLLED AFFILIATED COMPANIES

Below will be found a condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 1926, and a condensed income account for the year 1926, of all separately operated Solely Controlled Affiliated Companies, combined:

BALANCE SHEET	DEC. 31, 1926
Assets	
I. Property investment 2. Sinking funds. 3. Investments in affiliated companies—Stocks 4. Investments in affiliated companies—Bonds 5. Investments in affiliated companies—Advances. 6. Other investments 7. Cash. 8. Accounts receivable 9. Material and supplies. 10. Merchandise 11. Deferred assets. 12. Discount on securities 13. Other unadjusted debits	\$250,221,190.87 268,270.69 337,838.64 418,950.00 33,192,155.02 14,006,390.99 1,235,472.65 3,426,693.44 5,349,070.07 1,373,881.48 2,481,768.90 11,402,395.40 22,142,876.36
14. Grand total	\$345,856,954.51
Liabilities	
15. Capital stock 16. Premium on capital stock 17. Funded debt: (a) Held by the public (b) Held within the system 30,468,000.00	*\$149,936,368.00 535,151.75
(c) Total. 18. Nonnegotiable debt to affiliated companies. 19. Current liabilities. 20. Deferred liabilities. 21. Accrued depreciation. 22. Reserve for amortization of property investment. 23. Other unadjusted credits.	62,247,000.00 61,731,447.97 4,703,581.95 471,834.22 12,685,952.55 8,887,708.46 11,540,753.88
25. Additions to property through income and surplus	\$312,739,798.78
26. Sinking fund reserves. 27. Appropriated surplus not specifically invested. 28. Profit and loss—Balance.	\$1,010,493.05 302,776.52 700,000.00 31,103,886.16
29. Total corporate surplus	\$33,117,155.73
30. Grand total	\$345,856,954.51
INCOME ACCOUNT	YEAR ENDED DEC. 31, 1926
31. Operating revenues	\$36,816,264.18 27,773,604.64
33. Net revenue from operations. 34. Taxes. 35. Uncollectible railway revenues. 36. Equipment and joint facility rents—Net	\$9,042,659.54 2,874,585.67 441.29 428,402.53
37. Net operating income. 38. Nonoperating income.	\$5,739,230.05 1,760,148.93
39. Gross income	\$7,499,378.98
40. Interest on funded debt	\$3,104,510.00 1,151,577.73
42. Total deductions	\$4,256,087.73
43. Net income	\$3,243,291.25
44. Income applied to sinking and other reserve funds	\$28,430.00
45. Income balance transferred to credit of profit and loss	\$3,214,861.25

^{*} The amount of outstanding capital stock includes \$1,600 owned by Directors and \$51,510 owned by the public; the remaining \$149,883,258 being owned within the system.

CLAIM FOR CLOSING COLORADO RIVER BREAK

On page 21 of last year's report, mention was made of a suit brought by your Company, by sanction of Act of Congress, in the Court of Claims, Washington, D. C., to enforce its claim against the Government of the United States for \$1,113,677.42 for expenditures incurred twenty years ago, at the instance of President Roosevelt, in closing a break in the Colorado River, which operation prevented permanent flood disaster to the property and people of the Imperial Valley. The Government's representatives have completed the checking of your Company's claim, and the taking of testimony in the suit is in progress.

CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITIONAL MAIN LINES IN ARIZONA

The last section of the additional main lines in Arizona, the construction of which was undertaken as a part of the general plan under which the control of the El Paso & Southwestern system of railways was acquired, as explained on page 25 of the 1924 annual report, was completed and placed in operation during the year. The construction of these additional lines in connection with the inclusion in the system of the El Paso & Southwestern lines, avoided the cost of constructing an urgently needed second line between Dome, Arizona, and El Paso, Texas, a distance of about 544 miles. The completion of these lines not only gives the main line route between Yuma, Arizona, and El Paso, Texas, the equivalent of a double track for all but 57 miles of the entire distance; but also places on the main line the important city of Phoenix, the capital of Arizona, provides through direct service for the rich irrigated Salt River Valley, and shortens the haul to existing sources of important traffic.

CASCADE LINE ON SHASTA ROUTE

(NATRON CUT-OFF)

The Natron Cut-Off (which will hereafter be referred to as the Cascade Line), mention of which was made in the annual report for the years 1923, 1924, and 1925, including the reconstruction of about 23 miles of the southerly portion of the line, specifically mentioned on page 22 of last year's report, was completed and placed in operation for through freight service and local passenger service in September, 1926. To allow proper time, however, for the settling or seasoning of the road bed, the establishment of through passenger service over the line has been deferred until the Spring of 1927. As completed this line extends from Natron, Oregon, to Black Butte, California, a distance of approximately 269 miles, the cost of which to the close of the year amounts to \$39,432,000. The completion of this line will shorten the distance between Portland and San Francisco approximately 25 miles, and will give two lines between Black Butte, California, and Springfield Junction, Oregon, (a) the old line over the Siskiyou Range with grades of 174 feet to the mile, and (b) the new line over the Cascade Range with grades of 05 feet to the mile. This will give your Company the equivalent of a double track for its heavy traffic between Oregon and California. The new line, because of its lighter grades and saving in curvature, will permit of faster schedules for through passenger and freight service, and this, with the saving in distance, will result not only in a saving in operating costs but also in a material saving of time for through passenger and freight service between Portland and San Francisco. The new line gives rail facilities heretofore unprovided to a region having heavy timber resources and a possible agricultural development which, it is expected, will furnish your Company with profitable traffic. Adequate passenger and freight service will continue to be maintained over the Siskiyou Line.

PROPOSED NEW LINES IN SOUTHERN OREGON AND NORTHERN CALIFORNIA

On page 22 of last year's annual report, mention was made of your Company's plans for the further development of the country lying generally to the east of the Cascade Line (Natron Cut-Off) in Southern Oregon and Northeastern California (which plans also contemplated the establishment of a new through route between the Willamette Valley and the Klamath Basin, in Oregon, and points on the main line across Nevada to Ogden, Utah, and beyond); and to the fact that, in furtherance of such plans, the Company had made application to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to acquire and/or to construct the following lines of railway as contemplated by such plans, viz:

PROPOSED NEW LINES IN SOUTHERN OREGON AND NORTHERN CALIFORNIA—CONTINUED

- Acquisition of control of the Nevada-California-Oregon Railway through the purchase of securities
 of that Company;
- 2. Construction of a line extending from Klamath Falls, Oregon, through Cornell, California, to a connection with the Nevada-California-Oregon Railway near Alturas, California;
- 3. Acquisition of control through stock ownership of the Oregon, California and Eastern Railway, extending from Klamath Falls to Sprague River, Oregon, and the construction of certain extensions by that Company.

Mention was also made of the fact that while the Interstate Commerce Commission had our application under consideration, the situation was complicated by an application of the Oregon Trunk Railway, a Northern Pacific-Great Northern subsidiary, to extend its line from Bend, Oregon, south to Klamath Falls. This proposed extension of the Oregon Trunk Railway follows a route east of the Cascade Line; and from a point east of Paunina, on the Cascade Line, to Klamath Falls, the proposed route of such extension generally parallels the Cascade Line and the Oregon, California and Eastern Railway. In a decision rendered May 3, 1926, the Commission held that while the Oregon Trunk Railway should be granted an entrance to the Klamath Basin, the expense of constructing an additional line from Paunina to Klamath Falls should be avoided by the use of the existing facilities between those points. In such decision the Commission granted to your Company authority to acquire control of the Nevada-California-Oregon Railway, and to construct the line from Klamath Falls to a connection with the Nevada-California-Oregon Railway, as requested. It granted authority to your Company to acquire control of the Oregon, California and Eastern Railway and to the latter to construct certain extensions, upon the express condition that the Oregon Trunk Railway should be granted joint use of your Company's Cascade Line between Paunina and Klamath Falls, or joint use of the Oregon, California and Eastern Railway; and it granted to the Oregon Trunk Railway authority to construct an extension from Bend, Oregon, to a connection with the Cascade Line at Paunina, Oregon, or to a connection with the Oregon, California and Eastern Railway at some appropriate point. In its decision the Commission suggested that the Oregon Trunk Railway and the Southern Pacific should get together and endeavor to arrange for the joint use of the latter's Cascade Line between Paunina and Klamath Falls.

In compliance with the expressed desire of the Commission, your Company used every effort to reach an agreement with the Oregon Trunk Railway for such joint use. The Oregon Trunk was offered the equal joint use of that part of your Company's Cascade Line between Paunina and Klamath Falls, a distance of 75.77 miles, with permission to perform local service; either party to be permitted to construct branches extending either west or east from the main line (the other party to be permitted to join equally therein, if it so desired), provided that any western branches should not extend beyond the summit of the Cascade Range, and that any eastern branches should not extend into territory properly tributary to the Oregon, California and Eastern Railway lines as proposed to be extended. The Oregon Trunk to have access to all industries in Klamath Falls served by your Company with the same switching charge prevailing under like conditions elsewhere in Oregon, and, further, to be permitted to use your Company's line through Klamath Falls, a distance of 3.69 miles, as a bridge line to reach the Oregon Trunk terminals south of Klamath Falls. For these rights your Company asked the Oregon Trunk to pay a rental equivalent to five per cent. per annum on one-half the cost of the joint facilities (but not to exceed \$165,000 per annum), plus one-half the taxes thereon, and to pay a proportion of maintenance and other joint operating expenses on the basis of use.

The Oregon Trunk's proposal was that it should pay as rental a share of five per cent. per annum on the cost of the joint facilities in proportion to their use, with a minimum rental of one-fourth of five per cent. on the cost of such facilities; that taxes, as well as maintenance and other joint operating expenses, should be shared on the basis of the use of the facilities; and that it (the Oregon Trunk) should be permitted to purchase and own a one-half interest in the Oregon, California and Eastern Railway at cost thereof to your Company. If not permitted to acquire the proposed interest in the Oregon, California and Eastern, the Oregon Trunk insisted that it should be permitted to construct a line from Chiloquin, a point 27 miles north of Klamath Falls on the Cascade Line, eastward to Sprague Landing, a distance of 30 miles, and should have the right to extend its line to the east and north from Sprague Landing, such construction however to be at joint expense. The Oregon Trunk, in its memorandum

PROPOSED NEW LINES IN SOUTHERN OREGON AND NORTHERN CALIFORNIA—CONTINUED

to the Commission stated, however, that its annual charge at the terms offered by your Company, together with the charge on the capital cost of the proposed branch from Chiloquin, would exceed the annual charge on the cost of its own proposed line from Paunina to Klamath Falls, and it therefore renewed its request for authority to construct its own line from Bend to Klamath Falls.

On February 15, 1927, the Commission issued a ruling in which, among other things, it stated:

"As stated in the original report, a controlling purpose in our decision upon the application of the Oregon Trunk was that while Southern Oregon should be linked with the northern lines, in doing so unnecessary capital expenditure involved by the construction of an additional through line between Paunina and Klamath Falls should be avoided by the utilization of existing facilities. Such purpose is still controlling. The proposals of the Oregon Trunk for the independent construction of its own line are inconsistent therewith. We regard it as important that there shall be no unnecessary duplication of facilities. We are of the opinion that the present proposal of the Southern Pacific, with the modifications we here suggest, is in substantial compliance with the conclusions announced in our original report. The proposed terms are generally fair. * * * * * * An order which will give finality to these conclusions will not be entered at the moment; the Southern Pacific will be allowed 25 days from the service hereof in which to prepare and present to the Oregon Trunk and to file with us a complete draft of contract, and the Oregon Trunk within 20 days after such filing should notify us whether the terms proposed are acceptable, or to except to them as not consistent with our conclusions or with proper usage in trackage agreements."

The Commission stated that "taxes on the property jointly used may properly be apportioned between the parties on the basis of use, in conformity with the more usual practice under similar circumstances." And further, that "the proposed limitation upon the construction of branch lines, or the extension of main lines, is not a proper subject of contract."

Your Company presented to the Oregon Trunk Railway, and filed with the Commission within the time limit allowed by the Commission, a complete draft of contract covering the proposed joint use of the Cascade Line between Paunina and Klamath Falls, Oregon, the terms theretofore offered to the Oregon Trunk being modified, in such contract, to accord with the suggestions of the Commission, but to date of going to press no information has been received as to the attitude of the Oregon Trunk Railway concerning the proposed contract.

In the meantime, your Company, on October 8, 1926, acquired control of the Nevada-California-Oregon Railway (which is operated by its own separate organization) by the purchase of the entire outstanding common stock and funded debt of that Company. No further action will be taken, however, toward the construction and/or acquisition of the other lines contemplated in the plans of your Company, as aforesaid, until the questions concerning the proposed entrance of the Oregon Trunk Railway into the Klamath Basin shall have been determined, and an appropriate order in connection with our application entered by the Commission.

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA RAILROAD LAND GRANT CONTROVERSY

A decree of the United States District Court for Oregon was rendered, and entered, on April 28, 1926, in the accounting suit mentioned on page 23 of last year's report. This decree, in effect, adjudged that, subject to certain adjustments as mentioned in the decree, the Oregon & California Railroad Company, with its lien holder, the Central Union Trust Company of New York, Trustee, under Oregon & California Railroad Company's First Mortgage of July 1, 1887, recover from the United States the sum of \$3,901,088.64, of which the sum of \$1,723,470.56 was to be paid to the Oregon & California Railroad Company, and the sum of \$2,177,618.08 to said Central Union Trust Company of New York.

On June 25, 1926, the above mentioned sums of \$1,723,470.56, and \$2,177,618.08, were paid by the United States to the Oregon & California Railroad Company, and to the Central Union Trust Company of New York, respectively.

The decree designated certain parcels of land aggregating 769,639 acres, included in the acreage for which compensation was allowed under the decree, and provided that if and when any of the land embraced in the said 769,639 acres should hereafter be found to be mineral land within the meaning of the Granting Acts, then the Railroad Company should repay to the United States the sum of \$2.50 per acre for each acre so determined to be mineral land within the meaning of said Granting Acts.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY OF MEXICO

At the time of publishing last year's report, it was thought that the 102.78 mile gap in the main line between Tepic and La Quemada would be completed and ballasted by January, 1927, but unexpected difficulties in the nature of slides and heavy formation in tunnels, storms of unprecedented severity in the latter part of the year, and the unsettled condition of the Country, caused the work to be delayed. At the end of the year, however, all the tunnel excavations and all the grading had been completed, and all but about 4.11 miles of track, laid. The ballasting of the new line is being pushed as rapidly as possible, and it is now thought that the new line, completely ballasted, will be ready for operation early in April, 1927.

EXTENSION OF SAN ANTONIO AND ARANSAS PASS RAILWAY INTO RIO GRANDE VALLEY

On July 31, 1926, the Interstate Commerce Commission authorized the San Antonio & Aransas Pass Railway Company to construct a line of railroad, approximately 85 miles in length, extending from the present terminus of the Falfurrias Branch, southerly through Brooks and Hidalgo counties, to the International boundary line between the United States and the Republic of Mexico; also a branch line from the City of Edinburg, on the above line, easterly through Hidalgo and Cameron counties to the City of Harlingen, a distance of approximately 35 miles. The work of construction was commenced immediately upon receipt of the Commission's order, and at the end of the year approximately 73 miles of the extension from Falfurrias south, and 10 miles of the branch from Edinburg to Harlingen, had been completed, while the grading of the remainder of the mileage, ready for ties and rails, was about completed. Regular freight and passenger service between Falfurrias and McAllen, and freight service on 15 miles of the line east of Edinburg, was established early in February, 1927.

Application for authority to extend the Harlingen Branch from Harlingen to Brownsville, was filed with the Commission on October 21, 1926, and a hearing on this application was held at Houston, December 2, 1926. The Commission has not yet rendered its decision on this application.

ACQUISITION OF CONTROL OF THE DAYTON-GOOSE CREEK RAILWAY COMPANY

Pursuant to authority granted by the Interstate Commerce Commission, control of the Dayton-Goose Creek Railway Company was acquired as of May 1, 1926, the Southern Pacific Company acquiring control through stock ownership, and the Texas & New Orleans Railroad Company, a Southern Pacific Company subsidiary, acquiring control by lease, since which date the line of the said Company, extending from Baytown, Texas, to a connection with the line of the Texas & New Orleans Railroad Company at Dayton, Texas, a distance of 24.99 miles has been operated by the last named company. The Baytown Refinery of the Humble Oil & Refining Company, located on this line, furnishes a large amount of revenue traffic.

UNIFICATION OF TEXAS AND LOUISIANA LINES BY LEASE TO TEXAS AND NEW ORLEANS RAILROAD COMPANY

On September 23, 1926, application was made to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to unify the operations of all your Company's lines in Texas and Louisiana through the medium of leases to the Texas and New Orleans Railroad Company (a solely controlled subsidiary of your Company) of the properties of the following companies, which, together with the Texas & New Orleans Railroad, comprise that part of the Transportation System known as the Texas and Louisiana Lines:

Franklin & Abbeville Railway Company Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Railway Company Houston, East & West Texas Railway Company Houston & Shreveport Railroad Company Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company Iberia & Vermilion Railroad Company

UNIFICATION OF TEXAS AND LOUISIANA LINES BY LEASE TO TEXAS AND NEW ORLEANS RAILROAD COMPANY—Continued

Lake Charles & Northern Railroad Company
Louisiana Western Railroad Company
Morgan's Louisiana & Texas Railroad & Steamship Company
San Antonio & Aransas Pass Railway Company
Southern Pacific Terminal Company

The Commission approved this application by an order, dated December 28, 1926, and the unification was made effective March 1, 1927. It is expected that as a result of this unification considerable saving will be effected by a reduction in accounting work.

ROCKAWAY PACIFIC CORPORATION

On July 9, 1926, the New York Court of Appeals unanimously affirmed a judgment of the Appellate Division, which in turn affirmed a judgment of the Court of Claims, awarding the Rockaway Pacific Corporation damages on account of the appropriation by the State of New York, on April 4, 1917, of the property on Rockaway Point, Queens County, New York, now known as Fort Tilden; and further decreeing that the Corporation owned the entire remainder of the westerly end of Rockaway Point to mean low water. Pursuant to this award the Corporation received, including interest to date of payment, the sum of \$2,051,753.01. The area of the property which has thus been adjudicated, and which is still owned by the Corporation, consists of approximately 565 acres. The City of New York has instituted an ejectment action to re-try the title to the property in question, and the judgments above mentioned have been pleaded as a defense.

FEDERAL VALUATION OF RAILROADS

The Act of Congress, approved March 1, 1913, known as the Federal Valuation Act, and amendments thereof, directs the Interstate Commerce Commission to determine the valuation of the transportation properties of each railway corporation in the United States, engaged in interstate commerce and subject to the Interstate Commerce Act.

In connection with the valuation of the property of each of such railway corporations, the Act directs the Commission, among other things, to ascertain

- I. The original cost of such property to date of valuation;
- 2. The cost of reproduction new;
- 3. The cost of reproduction new, less depreciation;
- 4. The present value of lands held for, and used in the service of transportation; and numerous other facts, as set forth in the statute, which are assumed to have a bearing upon the valuation of such

properties. The Act also directs the Commission, in making such valuation, to take into account any and all elements of value which may be found to exist.

Upon the completion of the valuation of any of such properties, the Commission is further directed to prepare, and to serve upon the owning carrier, a tentative valuation wherein shall be set forth the value placed upon the property by the Commission together with the Commission's findings of fact concerning the matters referred to in the next preceding paragraph. This tentative valuation is thereafter, within a specified time, subject to protest by the carrier, in which event provision is made for formal hearing and determination by the Commission.

Shortly after the effective date of the Valuation Act, your Company formed, and has since maintained, an organization known as the Valuation Department, which has actively cooperated with the field organization of the Interstate Commerce Commission in the preparation of a complete field inventory of all the transportation properties of the Southern Pacific Lines and Affiliated Companies. In addition to this cooperative work, the Valuation Department has been engaged in preparing valuations, based on the provisions of the Valuation Act as understood by the Valuation Department, of the transportation properties of the various companies, for the purpose of comparison with the tentative valuations of such properties served by the Commission's Bureau of Valuation, and to serve as a basis for any protests to such tentative valuations which it may be found necessary to make to protect the interests of your Company. For this purpose your Company has expended, to December 31, 1926, the sum of \$7,400,758, of which the sum of \$994,649 was expended during the current year.

FEDERAL VALUATION OF RAILROADS—CONTINUED

To December 31, 1926, the Commission's Bureau of Valuation has served tentative valuations on the following companies the lines of which are included in the Transportation System of the Southern Pacific Lines:

Name of Company	Date of Tentative Valuation
TEXAS AND LOUISIANA LINES 1. Dayton-Goose Creek Ry. Co. 2. Franklin & Abbeville Ry. Co. 3. Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Ry. Co. 4. Houston, East & West Texas Ry. Co. 5. Houston & Shreveport R. R. Co. 6. Houston & Texas Central R. R. Co. 7. Iberia & Vermilion R. R. Co. 8. Lake Charles & Northern R. R. Co. 9. Louisiana Western R. R. Co. 10. Morgan's Louisiana & Texas R. R. & S. S. Co. 11. Southern Pacific Terminal Co. 12. San Antonio & Aransas Pass Ry. Co. 13. Texas & New Orleans R. R. Co. 14. Texas State Railroad (Leased from State of Texas).	December 31, 1920 June 30, 1919 June 30, 1918 do do do do do do do do June 30, 1919 June 30, 1918 June 30, 1917
PACIFIC LINES 15. Alamogordo & Sacramento Mountain Ry. Co. 16. Arizona & New Mexico Ry. Co. 17. Arizona Eastern R. R. Co. 18. Burro Mountain R. R. Co. 19. Dawson Ry. Co. 20. El Paso & Northeastern R. R. Co. 21. El Paso & Northeastern Ry. Co. 22. El Paso & Rock Island Ry. Co. 23. El Paso & Southwestern R. R. Co. 24. El Paso & Southwestern R. R. Co. 25. Phoenix & Eastern R. R. Co.	June 30, 1917 do June 30, 1915 June 30, 1917 do do do do do do do June 30, 1915

In the case of each of such tentative valuations formal protest was filed within the statutory period. Hearings have been held in the case of the companies numbered 1, 2, 12, and 14, and a partial hearing in the case of the company numbered 16. In the case of none of these companies, however, has a final valuation been served by the Commission.

Although preliminary engineering, land, and accounting reports have been served on the Southern Pacific Company in respect of the following properties owned and/or operated by it as part of the Transportation System of the Southern Pacific Lines, the tentative valuation of such properties has not yet been served by the Commission:

Name of Company Owning Property Operated by Southern Pacific Company as of the Date of Tentative Valuation	Date of Tentative Valuation
SOUTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP LINES 1. Southern Pacific Company	June 30, 1916
PACIFIC LINES 2. Southern Pacific Company (Rail Lines) 3. Beaverton & Willsburg R. R. Co 4. Central Pacific Ry. Co. 5. Coast Line Ry. Co. 6. Fresno Traction Co. 7. Hanford & Summit Lake Ry. Co. 8. Inter-California Ry. Co. 9. New Mexico & Arizona R. R. Co. 10. Oregon & California R. R. Co. 11. Peninsular Ry. Co. 12. Porterville Northeastern Ry. Co. 13. South Pacific Coast Ry. Co. 14. Southern Pacific R. R. Co. 15. Tucson & Nogales R. R. Co.	June 30, 1916 do

FEDERAL VALUATION OF RAILROADS-CONTINUED

It is anticipated that tentative valuations of such properties will be served by the Commission on the Southern Pacific Company in the near future.

In addition to its transportation system lines, your Company solely controls ten other transportation companies owning steam and electric lines in the United States, each of which operates its own property. To December 31, 1926, tentative valuations had been served upon but three of such companies.

GENERAL

The dividends for the year on the capital stocks of the Southern Pacific Company and its Transportation System Companies held by the public, amounted to \$22,343,004.32, as follows:

Dividends on capital stock of the Southern Pacific Company:

1½ per cent. paid April 1, 1926. \$5,585,713.58

1½ per cent. paid July 1, 1926. \$5,585,713.58

1½ per cent. paid October 1, 1926. \$5,585,713.58

1½ per cent. payable January 3, 1927. \$5,585,713.58

Total Southern Pacific Company. \$22,342,854.32

Dividends on stocks of Transportation System Companies held by the public. \$150.00

Total dividend payments for the year \$22,343,004.32

The total taxes for the year amounted to \$21,476,810.65

Under the pension system put into effect January 1, 1903, there were carried on the pension rolls at the end of the year, 1,785 employes. The payments to pensioners for the year amounted to \$1,004,740.25, equivalent to six per cent. per annum on an investment of \$16,745,670.83.

The Board announces with sorrow the death, on June 24, 1926, of Mr. Cleveland H. Dodge, who served your Company as a Director from December 11, 1924, to the time of his death; and on December 20, 1926, of Mr. William R. Scott, President of the Texas and Louisiana Lines of your Company, who entered the service in 1903. Copies of the resolutions adopted by the Board at its meetings on July 8, 1926, and on December 23, 1926, respectively, are appended to this report. Mr. Cleveland E. Dodge was elected a Director of your Company to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Cleveland H. Dodge; and Mr. A. D. McDonald was elected President of the Texas and Louisiana Lines to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. W. R. Scott. Mr. McDonald will continue as Vice Chairman of your Company, his office remaining in New York. Mr. H. M. Lull has been elected Executive Vice President of the Texas and Louisiana Lines, with headquarters at Houston, Texas, and, under the direction of President McDonald, will have immediate charge of the management and operations of those lines.

The Board gratefully acknowledges its appreciation of the loyal and efficient services rendered by officers and employes during the year.

By order of the Board of Directors,

HENRY W. DE FOREST,

Chairman of the Executive Committee.

CLEVELAND H. DODGE

NEW YORK, July 8, 1926.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific Company held in the City of New York, on the eighth day of July, 1926, the following tribute was offered and unanimously adopted:

IN MEMORY

OF

CLEVELAND H. DODGE

DIRECTOR OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY FROM DECEMBER 11, 1924, TO JUNE 24, 1926.

Mr. Dodge became a welcome and active member of the Southern Pacific Board on December 11, 1924, shortly after its acquisition of the El Paso & Southwestern properties, in which he was largely interested and with which he had long been connected, and the Board of Directors now records with profound sorrow his death at his home, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York, on the night of June 24, 1926, at the age of sixty-six.

Taken away in the eventide of a busy and useful life, noted for the fullness of its intellectual and spiritual vigor, inspired always by the spirit of helpfulness to others, with a record of high, aims, active accomplishment, philanthropic effort and responsibilities ably met, the Company has lost a most able adviser, and his associates on this Board feel keenly the passing of a valued friend.

RESOLVED, That this tribute to his memory be inscribed on the minutes of the Company, and a copy be given his family to whom the Board extends profound sympathy in their great sorrow.

A true copy.

Attest:

HUGH NEILL,

Secretary.

WILLIAM R. SCOTT

New York, December 23, 1926.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific Company held in New York City, on the twenty-third day of December, 1926, the following tribute was offered and unanimously adopted:

IN MEMORY

OF

WILLIAM R. SCOTT

The Board records with deep sorrow the death of Mr. William R. Scott, President of Southern Pacific Texas and Louisiana Lines, on December 20, 1926, at Los Angeles, California, in the sixty-seventh year of his age.

He became associated with the Company in 1903, as Division Superintendent attached to the Pacific Lines; later held, successively, the offices of General Superintendent, Assistant General Manager, General Manager, and Vice President and General Manager; and on March 1, 1920, was elected to the Presidency of the Southern Pacific Texas and Louisiana Lines, continuing in that office until his passing away.

During this continuous period of more than twenty-three years he served the Southern Pacific Lines with great ability, tireless energy, fidelity and zeal.

We desire to give expression to our profound sorrow, and the sense of personal loss which his death brings to us all,

RESOLVED, That this brief statement be inscribed upon the minutes of the Company and that an engrossed copy be furnished to his family to whom the Board tenders its deep sympathy in their great sorrow.

A true copy.

Attest:

HUGH NEILL,

Secretary.

DIAGRAMS

Diagrams will be found on pages 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, and 35, as follows:

- No. r. Railway operating revenues and miles of road;
- No. 2. Passenger service and traffic;
- No. 3. Freight service and traffic;
- No. 4. Average train load and tons per loaded car;
- No. 5. Taxes per mile of road, and per cent. of net revenue from railway operations consumed in taxes; and
- No. 6. Investment in road and equipment, net railway operating income, and the per cent. of return on investment in road and equipment.

From 1885, up to and including 1895, and for the year 1917 and thereafter, the results are for years ended December 31st. The results for 1897 are based on the average for 18 months from January 1, 1896, to June 30, 1897. For the years 1898 to 1916, inclusive, the results are for years ended June 30th. Although the Company operated but 10 months in the year 1885, for the purpose of comparison the results for the entire year have been ascertained.

The year ended June 30, 1899, and subsequent years, include the operations of the New Mexico & Arizona Railroad.

The year ended June 30, 1900, and subsequent years, to and including the year ended June 30, 1912, include the operations of the Sonora Railway, leased from the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway Company, which lease was terminated upon the sale of the property of the Sonora Railway Co., Ltd., to the Southern Pacific Railroad Co. of Mexico as of June 30, 1912.

The year ended June 30, 1901, and subsequent years, include the operations of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad and lines in Texas subsidiary thereto.

The year ended June 30, 1913, and subsequent years, include the operations of the Arizona Eastern Railroad and of the Corvallis and Eastern Railroad. The latter property was purchased by the Southern Pacific Company July 1, 1915; and the former was leased to Southern Pacific Company on November 8, 1924.

The year ended June 30, 1916, and subsequent years, include the operations of the Lake Charles and Northern Railroad; also the operations of the properties formerly belonging to the Coos Bay, Roseburg & Eastern Railroad & Navigation Company, Pacific Railway & Navigation Company, Portland, Eugene & Eastern Railway Company, Salem, Falls City & Western Railway Company, and Willamette Pacific Railroad Company, which were purchased by Southern Pacific Company as of July 1, 1915.

The year ended December 31, 1923, and subsequent years, include the operations of the Southern Pacific Equipment Company.

From and after November 1, 1924, the operations include the Alamogordo & Sacramento Mountain Ry., Arizona & New Mexico Ry., Burro Mountain R. R., Dawson Ry., El Paso & Northeastern R. R., El Paso & Northeastern Ry., El Paso & Rock Island Ry., El Paso & Southwestern R. R., and the El Paso & Southwestern R. R. of Texas, control of which, by stock ownership and by lease, was acquired by Southern Pacific Company as of November 1, 1924.

The years ended December 31, 1925, and December 31, 1926, include the operations of the Franklin & Abbeville Ry., previously dealt with as a separately operated affiliated company; and, also include operations from May 1, 1925, of the property of the San Antonio & Aransas Pass Ry. Co., which was leased to the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Ry. Co. as of May 1, 1925.

The year ended December 31, 1926, includes operations from May 1 to December 31, 1926, inclusive, of the property of the Dayton-Goose Creek Ry. Co., which was leased to the Texas & New Orleans R. R. Co. as of May 1, 1926.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

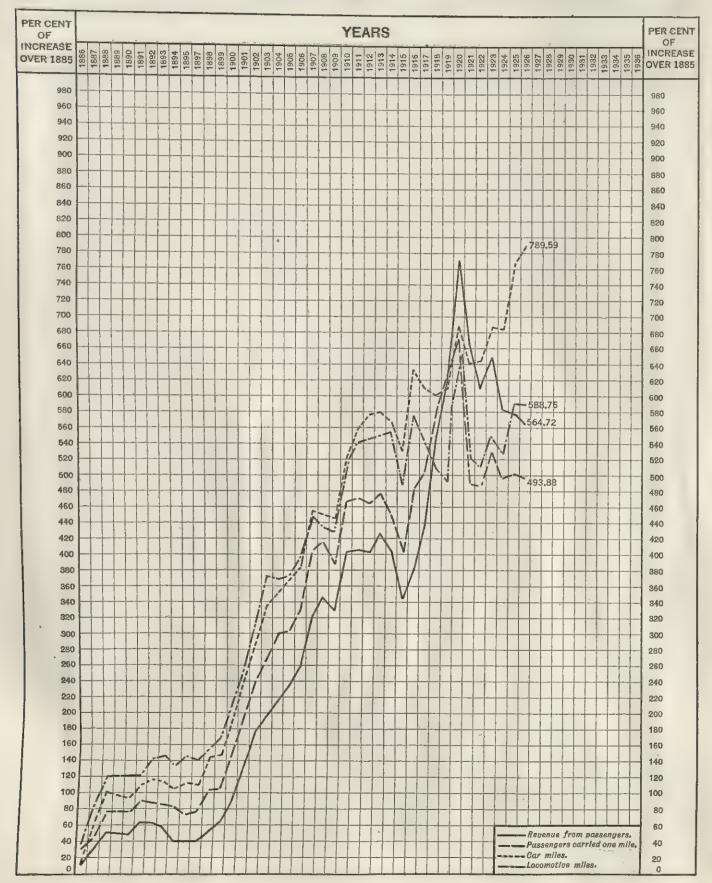
DIAGRAM No. 1.-RAILWAY OPERATING REVENUES AND MILES OF ROAD.

Showing by years, to December 31, 1926, the per cent, of increase over the calendar year 1885, in total railway operating revenues and in the number of miles of road operated at the close of the year.

	TOTAL RAILWAY OPERATING REVENUES	MILES OF ROAD OPERATED	
YEARS	TOTAL RAILWAY OPERATING REVENUES PER CENT OF INCREASE OVER 188	PER CENT OF INCREASE OVER 1885	YEAI
1885	REVENUES		
1886	31,940,455	4,705,43	188
1887	38,845,611	4,845.43	188
1816	46,775,969	5,766.31	188
1889	46,467,962	5,998.37	188
1890	48,352,503	6,061,36	189
1891	50,449.815	6,375.53	189
1892	48,972,195	6,485.69	189
1893	48.049,548	6,598.83	189
1894	44,772,003	6,642.38	189
1895	46,529,200	6,724.05	189
1897	43,881,727	6,744.81	189
1898	52,117,976	6,759.26	189
1899	55,505,352	6,912.12	189
1900	63,920,414	7,964.22	1900
1901	77,244,898	8,774.37	190
1902	83,543,821	8,809.21	190:
1903	88,320,335	8.933.43	190:
1904	92,933,230	9,135,49	1904
1905	95,515,158	9,142.01	1905
	105,632,550	9,216.83	1906
	124.942.798		1907
-	123,276,921	9,591,82	1908
	120,521,909	9,721.05	1909
-	135.022,607	9,821.54	1910
	132.620,540		1911
	131,525,171		1912
	138,520,259		1913
	129,865,675		1914
	152,694,228		1915
	193,971,490		1916
	221,611,206		1917
-	239,657,272		1918
	282,269,504		1919
	269,494,365		1920
	262,519,169		1921
	287.204,635		1922
	275.904.111	12 44 5 00	1923 1924
925	293.074,553		1925
	298.800,998	13,415.59	

SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES DIAGRAM No. 2.—PASSENGER SERVICE AND TRAFFIC.

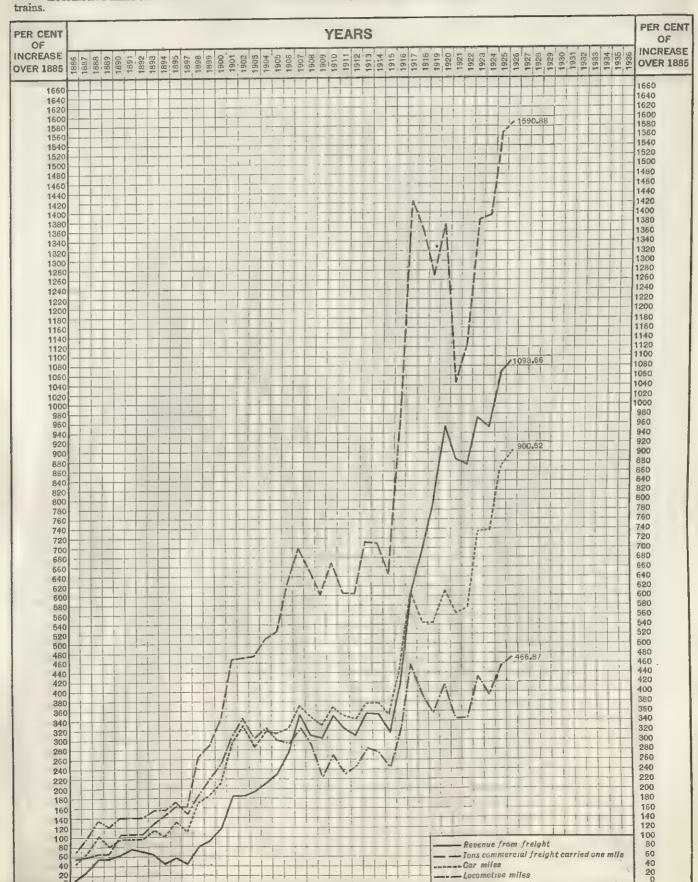
Showing by years, to December 31, 1926, the per cent. of increase over the calendar year 1885, in passenger revenue (excluding water lines, water transfers, and auto bus operations), in the number of passengers carried one mile, and in the number of miles Locomotive miles include all locomotive miles run with passenger trains, and one-fourth of the locomotive miles run with mixed trains.



SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES DIAGRAM No. 3.—FREIGHT SERVICE AND TRAFFIC.

Showing by years, to December 31, 1926, the per cent. of increase over the calendar year 1885, in commercial freight revenue (excluding water lines and water transfers), in the number of tons of commercial freight carried one mile, and in the number of miles run by cars and by locomotives in freight-train service.

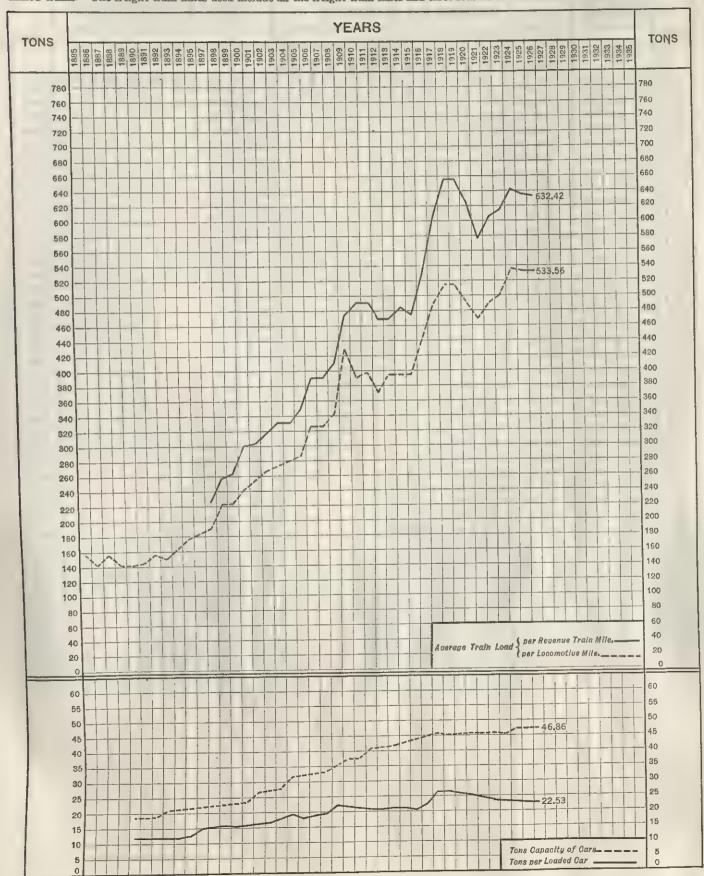
Locomotive miles include all locomotive miles run with freight trains, and three-fourths of the locomotive miles run with mixed



SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES DIAGRAM No. 4.—AVERAGE TRAIN LOAD AND TONS PER LOADED CAR.

Showing by years, from 1885 to 1926, the average train load per locomotive mile (all freight), and from 1897 to 1926, the average train load per revenue train mile (all freight); also showing by years, from 1889 to 1926, the tonnage capacity of freight cars and the average tons per loaded car.

The locomotive miles used include all locomotive miles run with freight trains and three-fourths of the locomotive miles run with mixed trains. The freight train miles used include all the freight train miles and three-fourths of the mixed train miles.



SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

Diagram No. 5.—Taxes Per Mile of Road, and Per Cent. of Net Revenue from Railway Operations Consumed in Taxes.

Showing by years, from 1885 to 1926, the taxes per mile of road, and the per cent. of net revenue from railway operations consumed in taxes.

	RAILWAY TAX ACCRUALS			NET REVENUE FROM RAILWAY IS CONSUMED IN TAXES
YEAR	AMOUNT	\$	500 POLLARS 900 PO	PER CENT 0 15 20 25 30 35 40
1885	\$859,505	182,66	28	188
1886	888,623	183,39	6.7	188
1887	1,022,263	185.19	6.7	188
1888	768,091	133.20	4.8	188
1889	1,218,360	203.12	7.6	188
1890	1,234,298	203,63	7.2	1890
1891	1,261,984	197.94	6,5	189
1892	1,249,849	192.71	7.1	1892
1893	1,360,845	206.23	7.8	1893
1894	1,117,373	168.22	7.3	1894
1895	1,277,048	189.92	8.0	1895
1897	1,480,335	219,48	9,1	1897
1898	1,422,614	210.47	7.1	1898
1899	1,463,222	21,1,69	7.3	1899
1900	1,673,656	210.15	7.4	1900
1901	1,780,987	202,98	6.3	1901
1902	1,886,302	214,13	6,6	1902
1903	2, 1 10,541	236.25	7.5	1903
1904	2,352,754	257.54	7,9	1904
1905	2,309,201	252,59	7,3	1905
1906	2,464,296	267.37	6.5	1906
907	2,896,501	306.47	6.5	1907
908	3,950,140	411.82	10.2	1908
909	3,788,242	389.69	8.5	1909
910	4,519,374	460.15	8.7	1910
1911	4,850,348	487.64	10.2	1911
912	5,621,239	558.87	12.5	1912
913	5,697,286	551,52	11.4 29.4.41	1913
914	7,162,625	683,65	16.0	
916	6.371,273	601,78	15,1 1/1/1/1/1	1915
917	7,023,326	641.02	12.7	1916
918	13,792,176	1,235.38		1917
919	11,105,950	1,001.86	10.3	1918
920	11,911,995	1,074,15		1919
921	15,539,469	1,319,65	797777777777777777777777777777777777777	1920
922	18,859,356	1,383,18	27.3	1921
923	20,365,328	1.811.17	27.4	1922
924	19,867,104	1,596,15		1923
925	21,275,282	1,609.37	27.3	1924
926	21,476,811	1,600,88	27.5 (1.1/1)	1925
			25.8	1926

SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

DIAGRAM No. 6.—Investment in Road and Equipment, Net Railway Operating Income, and the Per Cent. OF RETURN ON INVESTMENT IN ROAD AND EQUIPMENT.

Showing by years, from 1912 to 1926, the investment in road and equipment, the net railway operating income, and the per cent.

of return on investment in road and equipment.

•	and equipment	•		
	INVESTMENT /	NET RAILWAY	PER CENT OF	YEARS
	ROAD AND EQUIPMENT	OPERATING INCOME	RETURN ON INVESTMENT	
YEARS			IN ROAD AND EQUIPMENT	
	MILLION DOLLARS	MILLION DOLLARS	PER CENT	
	200 400 600 800 1200 1400 1600 1800	10 20 30 40 50 60 60 60 90	- N w 4 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	
1912				1912
1913				1913
1914				1914
1915				1915
1916				1916
1917				1917
1918				1918
1919				1919
1920				1920
1921				1921
1922				1922
1923				1923
1924				1924
1925				1925
1926			3,98	1926



